THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1776. [NUMBER 1753.]

THE NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

High-Water at New-York, and Sun's Rising and Setting, till Thurſday next.

D's	Age.	High Water.	rises ☉ H.	M.	ſets ☉ H.	
Thurſday	24	4	after 5	3	before 7	
Friday	25	5	5	4	7	
Saturday	26	6	5	5	7	
Sunday	27	7	5	6	7	
Monday	28	8	5	7	7	●
Tueſday	29	9	5	8	7	next Wedneſday.
Wedneſday	●	9	5	9	7	New

Days 13 Hours 54 min. the 25th.

In Convention of the Repreſentatives of the State of New-York, at Harlem, Auguſt 2d, 1776.

Reſolved, unanimouſly,

THAT all QUIT-RENTS formerly due and payable to the King of Great-Britain within this State, are now due and owing unto this Convention, or ſuch future Government as may be hereafter eſtabliſhed in this State.

Ordered,

That the aforegoing Reſolution be publiſhed in all the public News Papers in this State.

Extract from the Minutes,

ROBERT BENSON, Sec'ry.

In CONVENTION *of the* REPRESENTATIVES *of the* STATE *of* NEW-YORK, *at* Harlem, *2d of* Auguſt, *1776.*

Reſolved unanimouſly,

THAT the 27th day of Auguſt Inſtant, be kept through this State as a Day of Faſting, Humiliation, and Prayer, to Almighty God, for the imploring of his divine Aſſiſtance, in the organization and eſtabliſhment of a Form of Government for the Security and Perpetuation of the civil and religious Rights and Liberties of Mankind, and to ſupplicate his further Protection in the War, which now rages throughout America.

Ordered, That the aforegoing Reſolutions be publiſhed in all the public News Papers, in this State.

Extract from the minutes,

ROBERT BENSON, Secretary.

Committee-Chamber, New-York, Aug. 2, 1776.

RESOLVED, That no LAMBS be killed and expoſed to Sale in any Market of this City and County; of which all Butchers and other Inhabitants are deſired to take particular Notice, until further Orders from the Convention of this State, or this Committee.

Extract form the minutes,

JOSEPH WINTER, Secretary.

CLARK'S TOWN, July 29, 1776.

In County Committee on the South Side of the Mountains, in the County of Orange.

WHEREAS Dennis Snyden, Jeſſe Snyden, William Snyden, and Samuel Snyden, all living at, or near a place commonly called Snyden's, or Dobbs's-Ferry, on the weſt ſide of Hudſon's-River, in the county of Orange, and State of New-York, have refuſed to ſign any, or either of the Aſſociations that have been put forth, or recommended by our Honourable Convention;—and as the aboveſaid perſons are greatly ſuſpected of carrying on a treaſonable correſpondence with our unnatural enemies, or ſhips of war, belonging to the King of Great-Britain, lying in the aboveſaid river, by the great opportunity aforded them, in the privilege they have by keeping ferry, knowing the aboveſaid perſons to be inveterate enemies to the common States of America,

Therefore Reſolved, That the above Dennis Snyden, Jeſſe Snyden, William Snyden, and Samuel Snyden, are hereby forewarned, not to keep ferry, or employ any other perſon to ferry in their room, or employ a craft on the aboveſaid river, upon any pretence whatſoever; and all other perſons are hereby forewarned againſt having any correſpondence with the aboveſaid Snyden's, or any other perſon, or perſons whatſoever, that are in any degree enemies to the Liberties of America.

And whereas John Snyden, is advertiſed in the public Gazette, as pilot of the ſhips of war up the aboveſaid river, greatly to the damage of the ſaid John Snyden: It is hereby requeſted, that the ſaid Printer will inſert, Robert Snyden, inſtead of John Snyden who has always appeared to be a warm friend to the common cauſe of America.

Per Order of the Committee.

JOHN COE, Dep. Chairman.

Atteſted. JOHN COLEMAN, Secretary.

WILLIAMSBURG, July 9.

FROM Hampton we learn, that advice was brought there from the eaſtern ſhore, of a tender mounting two carriage and 12 ſwivel guns, being drove aſhore in a ſquall of wind five or ſix days ago, with eighteen pirates on board, among them Mr. James Parker, late of Norfolk, merchant, who immediately ſurrendered themſelves to a party of our troops, and begged for quarters. A boat from another tender, her conſort, attempted to cut her out from the creek where ſhe was ſecured; but our people perceiving their deſign, lay in ambuſh for them, and, when nigh enough, ruſhed into the water and fired upon them, killed five of the crew, it was ſuppoſed, as three were ſeen to fall overboard, and two to drop down in the boat, upon which the pirates tacked about, and rowed, faſter than they came, to their tender.

Engliſh Harbour (in Antigua) June 17.

This morning arrived the Bellahu tender, Lieutenant Nicholas, belonging to his Majeſty's ſhip Hind. The regret and concern ſhewn by every perſon here, for ſome time paſt, at the ſuppoſed fate of ſo worthy a man and ſo good an officer, could only be equalled by the univerſal joy at his ſafe arrival. He had undergone a great many hardſhips, and was chaſed by ſome of Hopkins's ſquadron, but the weather blowing freſh, the enemy were not able to come up with him. Their foremaſt and ſail were carried away, which they repaired, at Aquadilla, a town on the weſt end of Hiſpaniola. While they lay there, ſeven ſail of men of war, one of 80 guns, with an Admiral and Commodore and 3000 land forces arrived there. The death of the King of Portugal is confirmed, and it is ſuppoſed the Spaniards intend renewing their old claims on that kingdom.

There are in this harbour, at preſent, four prizes, viz. one ſhip and three Brigantines, all laden with ſpermaceti oil. The ſhip was taken by his Majeſty's ſhip the Hind, and the brigantines by the Hawke.

BOSTON, July 17.

Extract of a letter from New-London, dated July 17.

"A veſſel arrived here from Hiſpaniola, two days ſince, brings the following intelligence. That the Britiſh Court applied to the States of Holland for the loan of ſeveral millions, for which the State demanded ten per cent. which the Britiſh Ambaſſador was not empowered to give, until leave was firſt had from England, and while he was waiting for this, Spain ſteps in, takes the money, and pays the ten per cent; afterwards the Engliſh Ambaſſador applied, but it was too late.—Further informs, that a French veſſel which had been taken by an Engliſh frigate and ſent into Jamaica, was demanded by the French Admiral; upon her being refuſed, he ordered every Engliſh veſſel that came out of the place to be taken.—Alſo that an engagement had happened between an Engliſh and French frigate."

Yeſterday was carried into Marblehead, taken by the Privateers Hancock, Captain Tucker, and the Franklin, Capt. Skimmer, the ſhip Peggy, commanded by James Kennedy, mounts ſix 3 and two 2 pounders, bound from Halifax for New-York—ſhe is one of the fleet of twenty-four ſail who came out with tranſports, under convoy of two men of war, the Renown of 50 and the Flora of 20 guns, having on board a number of troops.—The cargo conſiſts of 75 dozen hoſe, 180 yards Iriſh ſheeting, 2 boxes cord, 74 dozen porter, 83 dozen ſtrong beer, 311 tierces ſalted beef, 6 barrels herring, 24 camp-kettles, 5 dozen canteens, 2 dozen kettles with covers, candleſticks and ſpoons, 2648 mutton hams, 40 dozen rappee ſnuff, 100 gallons rum, 3884 yards oznabrigs, 12 dozen claret, 4 barrels flour, 2 kegs barley, 230 dozen red port wine, 50 dozen ſherry, 53 dozen white port wine, 16 dozen ſtrong beer, amounting to £. 1509 1s. 9d. ſterling, and ſome caſh. Alſo the following Tory gentlemen and ladies, viz. Patrick Reed, Thomas Frazier, Robert Semple and wife, Elizabeth Burns, John Burns, Abigail Petit, Thomas Semple and the pious Benjamin Davis and ſon, Benjamin Davis, Thomas Pamp, and John Whitehead. The privateer Warren, Captain Burk, engaged with another of the fleet, and was near taking her, when by ſome accident ſhe had 3 of her men blown up, and 7 wounded, which obliged them to put into port.

Tueſday 2d July put into Halifax, a tranſport ſhip, having on board a number of the Heſſian troops.

The above Tories were brought to Town in a Marblehead ſchooner early this morning, and eſcorted up to goal; that ſay they left Halifax near a Month ago; that three tranſports with Heſſian troops, ſailed in company with them bound to New-York; and that the day they left Halifax, they ſaw a fleet of 40 ſail, which they ſuppoſed to be tranſports with Heſſian troops.

WATERTOWN, July 22.

Thurſday laſt, purſuant to the orders of the Honourable Council, was proclaimed, from the balcony of the State Houſe in Boſton, the DECLARATION of the AMERICAN CONGRESS, abſolving the UNITED COLONIES from their allegiance to the Britiſh Crown, and declaring them FREE and INDEPENDENT STATES. There were preſent on the occaſion, in the Council Chamber, the Committee of Council, a number of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, the Magiſtrates, Miniſters, Selectmen, and other Gentlemen of Boſton, and the neighbouring Towns; alſo the Commiſſion Officers of the Continental Regiments ſtationed in Boſton, and other Officers. Two of thoſe regiments were under arms in King Street, formed into three lines on the north ſide of the ſtreet, and in thirteen diviſions; and a detachment from the Maſſachuſetts Regiment of Artillery, with two pieces of cannon was on their right wing. At one o'clock the Declaration was proclaimed by the Sheriff of the county of Suffolk, which was received with great joy, expreſſed by three huzzas from a great concourſe of people aſſembled on the occaſion. After which, on a ſignal given, thirteen pieces of cannon were fired at the fort on Fort-Hill; the forts at Docheſter Neck, the Caſtle, Nantaſket, and Point Alderton, likewiſe diſcharged their cannon: Then the detachment of Artillery fired their cannon thirteen times, which was followed by the two regiments, giving their fire from the thirteen diviſions, in ſucceſſion. Theſe firings correſponded to the number of the American States United. The ceremony was cloſed with a proper collation to the Gentlemen in the Council Chamber; during which, the following TOASTS were given by the Preſident of the Council, and heartily pledged by the company, viz.

Proſperity and perpetuity to the United States of America.
The American Congreſs.
The General Court of the State of the Maſſachuſetts Bay.
General Waſhington, and ſucceſs to the arms of the United States.
The downfall of tyrants and tyranny.
The univerſal prevalence of civil and religious Liberty.
The friends of the United States in all quarters of the globe.

The bells of the town were rung on the occaſion; and undiſſembled feſtivity cheer'd and brightened every face.

On the ſame day a number of the members of the Council (who were prevented attending the ceremony at Boſton, on account of the ſmall-pox being there) together with thoſe of the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives who were in town, and a number of other Gentlemen aſſembled at the Council Chamber in this town, where the ſaid Declaration was alſo proclaimed by the Secretary, from one of the windows; after which the Gentlemen preſent partook of a decent collation prepared on the occaſion, and drank a number of conſtitutional Toaſts, and then retired.

We hear that on Thurſday laſt every King's arms in Boſton, and every ſign with any reſemblance of it, whether lion and crown, peſtle and mortar and crown, heart and crown, &c. together with every ſign that belonged to a Tory, was taken down, and made a general conflagration of in King Street.

The King's arms, in this town, was on Saturday laſt, alſo defaced.

Thurſday laſt the Tyrannicide Privateer, in the ſervice of this ſtate, commanded by John Fiſk, carried into Salem, an armed Schooner of eight carriage and 12 ſwivel guns, and 30 men, which he took off George's Banks, about three weeks ago, after an obſtinate engagement of three glaſſes. The ſchooner belonged to, and ſailed with the fleet which is arrived at New-York, and was one of thoſe which belonged to the rear diviſion. The Tyrannicide had one man killed, and one wounded, and was much ſhattered, but is now refitting, and will ſoon be ready for another cruiſe. The Captain of the ſchooner and one man was killed; the maſter loſt one arm, and about 10 wounded, ſeveral mortally.

PROVIDENCE, July 27.

Laſt Sunday afternoon, Lieutenant Calcut, of the Merlin, a Britiſh ſhip of war, which lay a little without the harbour of Newport, came in a barge with a flag to that town, to The General Aſſembly of this State being then ſitting, he was conducted to the State-Houſe, where he delivered to his Honour the Governour, a letter and declaration from Lord Viſcount Howe, [*Copies of which were publiſhed in the* New-York Journal, No. 1751, *and in many other papers.*]

Lieutenant Calcot alſo delivered Copies of the ſaid letter and declaration for the States of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, New Hampſhire, and Connecticut: He returned next morning to the ſhip, with the following anſwer from his Honour the Governour.

Rhode-Iſland and Providence Plantations, Newport, July 22, 1776.

My Lord,

I AM favoured with your Lordſhip's letter of the 22th of June laſt, incloſing your Declaration. I have communicated them to the General Aſſembly of this State, now ſitting here, and at their requeſt inform your Lordſhip, that they will tranſmit copies of them to the Moſt Honourable the General Congreſs of the United States of America, to whom every application reſpecting the diſputes between the ſaid States and Great Britain ought to be addreſſed, and muſt be referred.

I have the honour to be, with great Reſpect and eſteem, my Lord, your Lordſhip's moſt obedient humble ſervant,

NICHOLAS COOKE.

Thurſday laſt, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, his Honour the Governour, attended by ſuch members of the Upper and Lower Houſes of Aſſembly as were in town, and a number of the inhabitants, went in proceſſion to the State-Houſe, eſcorted by the Cadet and Light Infantry companies, where at twelve o'clock was read the act of Aſſembly concurring with the Moſt Honourable General Congreſs, in their Declaration of INDEPENDENCE; the Declaration was alſo read, at the concluſion of which thirteen vollies were fired by the Cadets and Light Infantry; the Artillery Company next fired 13 cannon, and a like number of new cannon (caſt at Hope Furnace) were diſcharged at the Great Bridge; the ſhips Alfred and Columbus likewiſe fired 13 guns each, in honour of the day.—At 2 o'clock his Honour the Governor, attended and eſcorted as above, proceeded to Hacker's-hall, where an elegant entertainment was provided on the occaſion; after dinner the following toaſts were drank, viz.

1. The 13 free and Independent ſtates of America.
2. The Moſt Hon. the General Congreſs.
3. The Army and Navy of the United States.
4. The State of Rhode-Iſland and Providence plantations.
5. The Commerce of the United States.
6. Liberty to thoſe who have ſpirit to aſſert it.
7. The Friends of the United States in every part of the earth.
8. General Waſhington.
9. The Officers of the American army and navy.
10. May the Crowns of Tryants be crowns of thorns.
11. The memory of the brave officers and men who have fallen in defence of American liberty.
12. May the Conſtitution of each ſeparate State have for its object the preſervation of the civil and religious rights of mankind.
13. May the Union of the States be eſtabliſhed in juſtice and mutual confidence, and be as permanent as the pillars of nature.

The artillery company, and a number of other gentlemen, dined the ſame day at Lindſey's tavern, when the following toaſts were drank:

1. The Free and Independent States of America.
2. The General Congreſs of the American States.
3. The Hon. JOHN HANCOCK, Eſq;
4. His Excellency General Waſhington.
5. His Excellency General Lee.
6. The brave Carolinians.
7. Succeſs to General Gates and the Northern army.

8. May the fubtilty of the American ſtandard deſtroy the ferocity of the Britiſh lion.
9. The State of Rhode Iſland and Providence plantations.
10. The Hon. Governeur Cooke.
11. May the Independent States of America for ever be an aſylum for Liberty.
12. The American army and navy.
13. The Providence Independent companies.

The whole was conducted with great order and decency, and the declaration received with every mark of applauſe. Towards evening the King of Great-Britain's coat of arms was taken from a late public office, as was alſo the ſign from the crown coffee-houſe, and burnt.

Since our laſt Capt. Arthur Crawford arrived here from Halifax. He was taken the 28th of April laſt, on his Paſſage from this Port to the Weſt-Indies, and carried to Virginia, from whence he was ſent to Halifax. He informs that it was reported at Halifax that Lord Howe parted with 14000 foreign Troops off the Weſtern Iſlands.

NEWPORT, July 29.

The Jamaica ſhip lately taken by the brig Andrew Doria, Capt. Biddle, was laſt Friday chaced aſhore near Watch hill, by the Cerberus, Capt. Simmons, who had almoſt got within gun ſhot of her, but being afraid to riſk his ſhip any nearer, was obliged to ſtand off again and leave her. The prize, we hear, is a little bilged, but by the aſſiſtance of the Cabot, and Connecticut Brig, and a number of ſmall craft, the cargo is likely to be nearly all ſaved, and 'tis thought the veſſel may be got off.

Yeſterday the privateer Montgomery, Captain Buckley, of Providence, went in at the eaſt ſide of this iſland and carried with him a fine large Snow, Capt. Gooding, from Antigua, loaded with 300 hogſheads of ſugar, and 100 hogſheads of rum; and we hear Capt. Buckley, in company with another privateer, has taken 5 other conſiderable prizes, viz. 3 ſhips, 1 ſnow, and 1 brig, which were but about one day's ſail behind him, two of which with the other privateer were to make ſome port to the eaſtward.

Laſt Saturday night, as the Cerberus was lying about three miles from Block Iſland, Frank Gould, a Muſtee lad, of this place, ſwam from the ſhip to the iſland, where he got a cedar boat with two ſails, in which he came off, alone and naked, and landed at the fort on Brenton's point, yeſterday in the afternoon. He is one of the hands Capt. Biddle put on board one of the Scotch tranſports ſome time paſt, and which was retaken by the Cerberus, and again taken by a New York privateer. He ſays, Mr. James Joſiah, Captain Biddle's former Lieutenant, who was prize-maſter on board the tranſport, is treated very ill on board the Cerberus, as are ſome others, for refuſing to act againſt their country; that there are about 40 Americans on board ſaid ſhip, her whole number of men being now about 160; ſhe has taken on this ſtation 18 veſſels, moſtly ſmall ſloops and ſchooners, 16 of which have been burnt; and that about a week ago they ſpake with ſeven ſail of tranſports, with Scotch troops on board, bound to New-York, who had been in Boſton bay.

Eaſt-Greenwich, July 26, 1776.

Mr. SOUTHWICK,

ON Tueſday laſt the Kentiſh guards, commanded by Col. Richard Fry, appeared in their uniforms; about 12 o'clock they drew up on the parade before the State-Houſe, when the Declaration of the General Congreſs, declaring theſe Colonies Free and Independent States, was read; likewiſe a reſolve of the Aſſembly concurring with the ſame; which was announced by a diſcharge of thirteen cannon at Fort Daniel; next the guards fired thirteen vollies; this was followed by three huzza's from a numerous body of inhabitants; they then repair'd to Arnold's Hall, where, after partaking of a very decent collation, the following patriotic toaſts were drank:

1. The Thirteen United States of America.
2. The General Congreſs of the American States.
3. General Waſhington.
4. The American army.
5. Augmentation of the American navy.
6. In memory of thoſe immortal heroes who have fallen in the American cauſe.
7. May a happy rule of government be eſtabliſhed in the State of Rhode-Iſland.
8. American manufactures.
9. Free trade with all the world.
10. May true patriotiſm warm the breaſt of every American.
11. May the independency of the American States be firmly eſtabliſhed, and a ſpeedy peace take place.
13. May Liberty expand her ſacred wings, and in glorious effort diffuſe her influence o'er and o'er the globe.

NEW-LONDON, July 26.

The ſloop Commerce, Capt. Waterous, belonging to this port, was taken the 15th ult. in her paſſage from Montſerrat to St. Euſtatia. The Captain of her, who arrived here laſt Wedneſday, via Nantucket, informs, that but very few northern veſſels eſcape the vigilance of the Britiſh cruiſers.

NEW-HAVEN, July 31.

The State of Rhode Iſland, and Providence Plantation, have *Voted and Reſolved*, "That if any perſon within that State ſhall, under pretence of preaching, or praying, or in any other way and manner whatever, acknowledge, or declare *George* the 3d king of Great-Britain, to be their rightful Lord and Sovereign, or ſhall pray for the ſucceſs of his arms, or that he may vanquiſh or overcome all his enemies, ſhall be deemed guilty of a high miſdemeanor—and upon conviction thereof ſhall forfeit and pay to that State, the ſum of *One Hundred Pounds*, lawful money, and pay coſts of proſecution."

A few days ſince Capt. Packwood arrived at New-London, in nine days, from Cape Francois, and has brought 14 tons of powder, ſome blankets, arms, &c. on account of the States.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.

Extract of a letter from Virginia, dated July 22.

"On Sunday laſt I was informed, that Lord Dunmore was landing his troops on Thacker Waſhington's plantation, a little below Hooe's ferry. About twelve o'clock the ſame night, the Major of the county came expreſs, to let me know, that the fleet was then at Marlborough, a few miles above Boyd's hole. The alarm was ſoon ſpread, and in a very little time the ſhores were covered with men. I went over early yeſterday, and diſcovered four ſhips and three tenders. They appeared, as near as I can gueſs, to be ſomewhere about Dumfries. The remainder we ſuppoſed to be below, either coming up or attempting to land. Some few of us then puſhed down the river, but found the militia diſperſing juſt before we got to Boyd's-hole. They had received information, that the balance of the fleet was at anchor near the mouth of the river. This morning early we returned up Patomack river, and ſaw only three ſhips and two tenders, and hearing, very diſtinctly, at the ſame time, a heavy cannonade at or near Alexandria, we concluded the other ſhip and tender had made the town a viſit, where they will certainly meet with a warm reception. As yet we have no account. I ſhall proceed to-morrow morning up the river Patowmack, and continue there till the fleet goes down."

By another letter, it appears the houſes of Mr. Brent, on Patowmack river, of great value, had been burnt by Lord Dunmore, and that he was joined by many Negroes in Maryland.

Extract of a letter from an officer in St. Mary's County, Maryland, July 15, 1776.

"This ſerves to inform you, that there are now lying off St. Mary's river, between 70 and 80 ſail of veſſels. I am now at Leonard town in my way down, where I received an expreſs from Colonel Barnes, informing me that this morning ten boats full of men, landed on St. George's iſland, and had returned for more."

Extract of a letter from Charles-river, in Maryland, July 19, 1776.

"On my arrival at this place, on the 16th inſtant, I found there had been an engagement with the enemy, with no other loſs to us, but the misfortune of Captain Rezin Beall being badly wounded, though it's hoped not mortally. By four deſerters, who came over to us yeſterday, we are informed, the mate or midſhipman of the Roebuck was killed in the action.—By the beſt information, the enemy have not more than 50 Regulars of the 14th regiment, about 150 Tories, and 100 negroes, that bear arms; all of which are landed every morning, and embarked in the evening under cover of the fleet, which continues in the mouth of St. Mary's river, oppoſite the lower end of St. George's-iſland. The fleet (which at firſt conſiſted of eighty ſail) is now reduced to little more than half that number, many of the tenders, and ſquare rigged veſſels having gone to Virginia, oppoſite the mouth of Potowmack, where a pretty conſtant cannonade has been kept up ever ſince I have been here. We are told by the deſerters (two more of which have come over ſince I began to write) that the fleet intend only to wood and water on the iſland, burn moſt or all of their ſmall craft and proceed to ſea."

Extract of a letter from St. George's, in Maryland, July 20, 1776.

"From the accounts given by ſeveral deſerters, that the fleet intend up Potowmack river to water, and from the motions of the Roebuck, five other ſhips and a ſloop, I have the greateſt reaſon to believe, they are now on their way for that purpoſe. Nanjemoy we ſuppoſe, to be the place of their deſtination. I ſhall endeavour to watch their motions, and prevent their depredations with all my might. There was a briſk canonading from two or three tenders, and a row galley off Smith's Creek, about ſix o'clock this morning, the conſequence of which I have not as yet heard."

Extract of a letter from Camp at Perth-Amboy, New Jerſey, July 26, 1776.

"Yeſterday afternoon we had a ſmart cannonading with the enemy, occaſioned by four or five ſhallops coming down the Sound. The General directed a ſmall battery mounting two iron four pounders, to fire on them, this brought on a heavy firing from the enemy's battery, from an eminence that overlooked ours.

"Captain Moulder, with his two field pieces, was ordered to the ſhore, but being encamped at ſome diſtance, before he could get up, the ſhallops had all nearly paſt, however, he began a well directed fire, and tho' they had got to a conſiderable diſtance hulled one of them.

"When the veſſels were paſſed, the firing ceaſed on both ſides. We had the misfortune of loſing one of the ſecond battalion, and having another wounded. The young man's name, who was killed, is Owens, belonging to Captain Weed's company; he was ſhot right through the heart; the ball, a four pounder, entering his left ſide, coming out of his breaſt; this morning he was buried with the honour's of war;—the other who is wounded, is one Freeman, a ſerjeant in Captain Boyd's company, his wound is not dangerous, the ball having firſt taken the ſtreet, and rebounding ſtruck the upper part of his right thigh, but has not broken the bone. There was a horſe killed which was ſtanding in a waggon near the General's door. The enemy appear to have ſome very heavy field pieces—They ſent ſome 12 pounders among us.—It is ſurpriſing they did not do more execution, as there were ſo many of our people on the bank oppoſite to them without the leaſt covering.

"The enemy appear to be very ſtrong, and are conſtantly reinforcing, as our troops come in. They are throwing up breaſt works along the ſhore to prevent our landing."

William Bradford, jun. Eſq; is appointed Brigade Major to the Hon. Brigadier General Daniel Roberdeau.

In CONVENTION *of the* STATE *of* NEW-JERSEY.

Brunſwick, Auguſt 3, 1776.

WHEREAS by the arrival of the enemy in the neighbourhood of this State, the burden is become much greater to the Militia thereof, numbers being obliged to leave their familes, and to march to the defence of their country; ſo that former ordinances for regulating the militia are become inadequate, it being highly juſt and equitable, proportionally, to increaſe the ſums formerly directed to be paid by thoſe who refuſe to BEAR ARMS for the protection of the State; and alſo to inflict greater puniſhments on thoſe who, although they have aſſociated, or been directed to be enrolled for the defence of their country, yet neglect to attend on days appointed for muſtering, and are unwilling, at this time of great danger, to ſtep forth with their countrymen to oppoſe the enemies of freedom. It is therefore reſolved and ordained, that all able bodied perſons, between the ages of ſixteen and fifty years, who, on any account, refuſe to bear arms, do pay, as an equivalent for their actual ſervice, the ſum of twenty ſhillings proclamation money, monthly, and every month, during the preſent alarming time, and until proper meaſures ſhall be taken by the future legiſlature, to render the burden and expence equal to the inhabitants of this State; and that all perſons directed to be enrolled by former ordinances, both officers and privates, who neglect to attend on days of Muſter, do pay double the ſums directed by an ordinance of the late Congreſs, bearing date the 28th day of October 1775; all which ſums ſhall be recovered and applied by the officers of the Militia, in ſuch manner as the aforeſaid Ordinance directs, with reſpect to the fines inflicted on officers and privates of the Militia, without regard to religious denominations, any thing in ſaid Ordinance to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Reſolved further, That all perſons between the ages of ſixteen and fifty years, directed to be enrolled as aforeſaid, who ſhall neglect to attend when called upon at the time of an alarm, or when ordered to meet in conſequence of a requiſition of the Deputies, Commander in Chief, or any of the Brigadier-Generals of this State, for the purpoſe of raiſing levies for the army, or detaching part of the Militia for the defence of the States, or who ſhall refuſe to march when detached in their proper turn, or to provide perſons to march in their ſtead, do pay, if a Colonel, Twenty Pounds, a Lieutenant Colonel, Fifteen Pounds, a Major, Twelve Pounds, a Captain, Eight Pounds, a Lieutenant and Enſign, Six Pounds, non-commiſſioned officers and privates, Three Pounds, for every ſuch neglect, to be recovered in manner aforeſaid, and to be applied as follows:—The fines of field officers to be equally divided among the non-commiſſioned officers and privates of the detachment, which marches from the battalion, and the fines of Captains, Subalterns, non-commiſſioned officers and privates, to be equally divided among the non-commiſſioned officers and privates of the detachment which marches from the company to which the delinquents reſpectively belong.

Extract from the Minutes,

Wm. PATERSON, Sec'ry.

ALL true Friends to the United States of America, are deſired to endeavour to apprehend and confine a certain WILLIAM OWENS, by occupation a School-maſter, he is about five feet ſix or ſeven inches high, middling well ſet, black hair, has loſt his left eye, (the other is black) about 23 or 24 years old, is a native of Ireland, and ſpeaks with ſomething of a brogue. Had on when he went away, a ſmall half worn beaver hat, with a yellow button and loop, a red and white mixed broadcloth coat, and took with him jackets, breeches and ſtockings of various ſorts; rode a large ſorrel horſe, with a blaze in his face, and is ſuppoſed to have gone to the northward, with one EBENEZER LEELY, a noted Tory. Said OWENS feloniouſly took away a number of BOOKS belonging to various perſons, viz. the three laſt volumes of Pope's Odyſſy, three volumes of Swift's works, Atkinſon's Epitome, Seaman's Daily Aſſiſtant, a Kalender, a Mariner's Compaſs rectified, Love's Surveying, the Pantheon, or Hiſtory of the Heathen Gods, &c.—He has lately been found out to be a grand TORY, although he uſually profeſſed WHIGGISH principles; and as a convincing proof of his wicked deſigns, upon opening his cheſt ſince he abſconded, three dozen muſquet cartridges were found in it, which it is thought the ſaid Ebenezer Leely brought from on board the men of war now lying in Hudſon's river, and delivered to him with a view of his putting them into the hands of ſome other Raſcals, in order to butcher their neighbours.—He left Blooming grove (where he was employed as a Schoolmaſter) about the 16th of July laſt, and ſaid he was going to Fort Montgomery.

The Committee deſires that the foregoing Advertiſement may be inſerted in all the public papers printed in New York, as it is thought that if the ſaid Owens and Leely, or either of them could be apprehended, ſome matters of conſequence might tranſpire.——Said LEELY is a tall fellow, rather ſlender, has a red face, country born, about thirty years old.

In behalf of the Committee,

ELIHU MARVEN, Chairman.

Cornwal Precinct, Orange County, Aug. 1ſt.

COMFORT SANDS,

INFORMS THE PUBLIC,

THAT he is appointed by the Convention of the STATE of NEW-YORK, General Auditor of all accounts againſt the State; he gives this public notice, to all perſons who have demands on the State, that they ſend their reſpective accounts with proper vouchers, to Mr. GARARD BANCKER, at the houſe of the Widow *M'Gown's*, in *Harlem*, where attendance will be given, every TUESDAY, from 10 o'clock in the morning till 4 in the afternoon, to examine and audit ſuch accounts.

New Rochelle, Aug. 6, 1776. 53-58

WANTED,

A JOURNEYMAN *NAIL SMITH*, that is maſter of his buſineſs, and would undertake to teach a number of apprentices, ſhall be allowed the beſt of wages. Any one by applying to Cornelius Tiebout, in the Bowery-lane, may be informed of the perſon that will employ them. 53—6

A ROBBERY!

ON the 31ſt of laſt month (July) between the hours of two and ſix in the afternoon, the houſe and deſk of Lewis Kniffin, of Philiſburg, was broke open, and the following goods ſtolen and carried off, viz.

1 Black taffeta cloak, fringed.
1 Black velvet hood.
1¼ Yard black ſpotted cardinal ſilk.
1 Shirt marked at the bottom of the boſom, L. K. 6 or 7 yards of new linen.
1 Striped blue and white taffeta handkerchief.
1 Shirt cut out, but not made.
1 Cambrick apron, pieced at bottom.
1 Black ſprig gauſe apron, with a flounce at bottom.
1 Linen apron, darned in the middle, button hole ſtitch.
1 Muſlin apron, 1 linen ditto, 4 yards; 1 coarſe cambrick do. with two darns in the middle, and 1 at bottom.
1 Holland handkerchief, yard ſquare.
1 Lawn ditto, 1 plain gauſe do. 1 black ſilk do. with an apron fringe all round it, 1 large check red and white do. 1 muſlin ſingle do.
1 Thin cambrick cap, laced, 1 thicker do. laced.
1 Gauſe caps with ribbons, laced with catgut.
1 Linen do. with a double head piece.
1 Do. with lawn borders, and a double head piece, and ſundry other caps and ribbons.
1 Pair of ſilk gloves, 1 pair black do. without lining; 1 pair reddiſh brown, with lining and gimp.
1 Pair linen ſtockings, and ſundry other things, not particularly remembered.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall be paid FIVE POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges:—And whoever may have ſeen any of the ſaid goods, and will give information, ſo that the perſon who had, or has them in poſſeſſion may be found, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward; and whoever returns the ſaid goods, or any part of them, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, according to their value, and no queſtions aſked.

53—56 LEWIS KNIFFIN.

POET's CORNER.

To the PRINTER.

At this moſt remarkable criſis of public affairs, when a ſeparation of families, friends, and every endearing connection, has univerſally taken place, It is thought the following lines, which you are deſired to publiſh, will ſuit many of your readers, as well as your humble ſervant,

C. D.

HOW dull the hours, in tedious abſence ſpent!
The day, how gloomy, and the nights, how long!
From thee divided, joy, nor ſweet content,
Nor dove-eyed peace, inſpires thy Damon's ſong.

How oft ſhall wand'ring fancy wave her wing,
O'er length'ning vales, o'er mountain riſing ſea;
Nor heed the various ſcene, but rapture'd ſpring,
And fondly fix on love, and hope, and thee!

Sad was the day that tore thee from my ſight,
Diſmal and dreary ev'ry morn's return!
But we ſhall meet, and then each hour be bright!
No longer then my widow'd heart ſhall mourn,

I come, I fly to meet thy conſtant breaſt,
On thy fond boſom to repoſe my care;
My ſpirits ſink, with grief and love oppreſs'd,
Shall find the ſeat of peace and pleaſure there.

But, oh! thy mind, ſhould time or abſence change,
Shouldſt thou forget to love as thou art lov'd;
May I, forlorn be ever doom'd to range,
And ever from thy ſight be far remov'd.

GENERAL HOSPITAL,

At New-York, July 29, 1776.

WANTED immediately in the General Hoſpital, a number of women, who can be recommended for their honeſty, to act in the capacity of nurſes; and a number of faithful men for the ſame purpoſe: Any who incline entering the ſervice in this way, will meet with good encouragement by making application to the quarter maſter of the hoſpital at King's College, New-York. Wanted alſo for the uſe of ſaid hoſpital, a large quantity of dry herbs for baths, fomentations, &c, &c, &c. particularly, balm, hyſop, wormwood and mallows, for which a good price will be given; and alſo old linen for the uſe of ſick and wounded ſoldiery. The good people of the neighbouring towns, and even thoſe who live more remote from this city, by carefully collecting and curing quantities of uſeful herbs, will greatly promote the good of the Army, and conſiderably benefit themſelves. From principles of benevolence and humanity, it is preſumed, that many will attend to this matter (which is really of conſequence) and cheerfully contribute to the relief of their ſick and wounded brethren, though from any pecuniary conſideration, they might neglect, as having the appearance of ſmall importance. Thoſe who have already collected any conſiderable parcel of herbs or rags, may find a ready ſale by applying at the above mentioned place to

THOMAS CARNES, } Steward and Q. Maſter to the G. Hoſpital.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD by the PRINTER hereof,
AN
ABSTRACT
OF THE MOST MATERIAL
PASSAGES IN THE SEVERAL
SPEECHES,
Delivered on TUESDAY, March 5, 1776,
IN THE
HOUSE OF LORD'S,
On a Motion for an ADDRESS to his Majeſty, to ſuſpend *Hoſtilities* againſt AMERICA.

STOLEN.

ON Friday night the 12th July, laſt, from the paſture of the Subſcriber in Hackinſack, New-Jerſey, TWO BAY HORSES, one of which was five years old, marked H. Z. has a white mark on his noſe;—the other, three years old, has a ſmall ſtar on his forehead, and is marked with the letters AH joined together, the laſt part of the A forming the firſt of the H.—Whoever takes up and delivers the ſaid Horſes to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS New-York Currency Reward, or half the ſum for either of them.

50—3 ABRAHAM J. HOUSMAN.

New-Jerſey, Monmouth. } BY order of the Honourable Court of Common Pleas, John Anderſon, John Taylor, and James Lawrence, Eſqrs. three of the Judges of Court of Common Pleas for ſaid County, that William Cole, priſoner for debt, in the gaol of ſaid county, hath been duly ſworn and filed his ſchedules, purſuant to the late act of Aſſembly of ſaid Province, an Act intitled, "An Act for the relief of inſolvent debtors," made in the twelfth year of his Majeſty's reign: Now theſe are to give notice to the creditors of ſaid priſoner, that they be together at the Court Houſe of ſaid county on the ſecond day of *September* next, to ſhew cauſe if any they have, before the Judges, or any two of them, why the ſaid priſoner's eſtate ſhall not be aſſigned for the uſe of his creditors, and his body diſcharged from his preſent confinement, purſuant to ſaid act of Aſſembly.

July 23, 1776. 52—55

FOUND LATELY,

A SILVER WATCH, which the OWNER may hear of, by applying to the PRINTER. 50—3

THE POST OFFICE is removed to the Houſe lately occupied by Mrs. Fazara, in Maiden-Lane, about mid-way between the Fly-Market and the Broadway.

Juſt Publiſhed,
And SOLD by the PRINTER hereof,
(*Price SIX-PENCE,*)
AN
ORATION,
Delivered at the *King's Chapel* in Boſton, April the Eighth, 1776, on the Re-Interment of the Remains of the late Moſt Worſhipful GRAND MASTER,
JOSEPH WARREN, ESQ;
Preſident of the late CONGRESS of this Colony,
AND
MAJOR-GENERAL of the *Maſſachuſetts* Forces;
Who was ſlain in the battle of BUNKER's-HILL, June 17 1775.
By PEREZ MORTON, M. M.

DESERTED

FROM Capt. Elijah Abel's company, Col. Bradley's Regiment, ſtationed at New-York, JOHN SMITH, a ſoldier in ſaid company, about five feet ten inches high, light complexion, ſhort brown hair; had on when he went away, a frock and trowſers, ſtutters conſiderably. Whoever will take up ſaid deſerter, and return him to the regiment, ſhall receive FIVE DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges.

JOHN BLACKLEACH, Lieut.

New-York, July 23, 1776. 51—54

DESERTED,

FROM Captain Jedediah Swan's company, in Colonel Van Cortlandt's Regiment, MATTHEW M'DONALD, an Iriſh man, aged about 30 years, about five feet four inches high, much given to drinking. Whoever takes up ſaid deſerter and delivers him to ſaid Captain, at his quarters in Crown ſtreet, above the Fly-Market, ſhall receive the reward of TWO DOLLARS, by me.

JEDEDIAH SWAN.

New-York, July 24, 1776. 51—54

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber living on Great-Neck, in the townſhip of Hemſted, a mulatto ſlave named DANIEL, 20 years of age, about five feet four inches high, round ſhouldered, has a down-look, dark curled hair, and ſtammers in his ſpeech; had on when he went away, a tow ſhirt and trowſers, a linen jacket without ſleeves, a cut felt hat, and a pair of thick ſhoes. All perſons are hereby forewarned harbouring ſaid ſlave, or aſſiſting him in getting away, as they muſt expect to anſwer for it at their peril. Whoever takes up ſaid ſlave and ſecures him, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid by

JOHN MITCHEL.

July 23, 1776. 51—54

SAMUEL BURLING,
HAS FOR SALE,
At his STORE on the Wharf, adjoining PECK's SLIP-FERRY,
A general Aſſortment of
WEST-INDIA GOODS, *viz.*

A CHOICE parcel of Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and New-England Rum, and Melaſſes in hogſheads.
A few hogſheads of genuine Bourdeaux Claret.
A parcel of choice Jamaica Sugars, of the firſt quality.
Coffee in hogſheads, tierces and barrels. And,
A quantity of the beſt Carolina Indigo.—Alſo,
Oznaburgs, Ticklenburgs, Ruſſia Sheeting;
Checks, and Holland Stripes.
A variety of other Linen Goods. 50—53

Stratford, July 25, 1776.

Deſerted laſt Evening,

FROM Captain Walker's Company, in Colonel Elmons Regiment, WILLIAM SMITH, a ſoldier, had on a brown coat, of a dark complexion, black hair, about 36 years of age, about ſix feet high, a ſmall impediment in his ſpeech, carried off with him a gun.——Alſo, JOHN OLIVER, of the ſame company, deſerted the ſame time;—had on when he went away, a brown coat, with waſh'd buttons, of a light complexion, light hair, large lips, talks thick, about 26 years of age, about five feet ten inches high —Said Deſerters are foreigners, and ſmiths by trade, can handle the firelock well.—Whoever will ſecure ſaid Deſerters, and return them to ſaid Company at Stratford, or ſecure them in any goal in the Colony of Connecticut, and give notice to ſaid Captain, ſhall receive Five Dollars Reward, and all reaſonable charges paid by me,

ROBERT WALKER, Captain.

DESERTED,

FROM *Captain JOHN WEBSTER's company in Colonel Furman's regiment of the New-Jerſey levies, one* JONATHAN RUTMAN, *about five feet eight inches high, well ſet, dark complexion, middle aged, meanly dreſſed —Alſo another,* JAMES ROSS, *about five feet ſix inches high, dark complexion, ſlender made, middle age, mean habit, much given to ſtrong liquor, formerly an inhabitant of Piſcataway, Middleſex county, ſaid Rutman was from Bernard town, Somerſet county. Whoever apprehends ſaid Deſerters, and ſecures them in any public goal, ſo that they may be returned to the ſaid regiment, ſhall be entitled to* FORTY SHILLINGS *Reward for each, paid by*

DAVID FURMAN, Colonel.

New-York, July 8, 1776.

Juſt arrived from Philadelphia, and to be Sold at M'. Holt's Printing-Office, at Mr. John Brown's, *in* Leary-Street, *at Mr.* John Anderſon's *Printing-Office, and at the* Coffee-Houſe. (*Price* 2s. 6d.)

THE FALL OF
BRITISH TYRANNY,
OR,
AMERICAN LIBERTY TRIUMPHANT,
THE FIRST CAMPAIGN.

A TRAGI-COMEDY, of FIVE ACTS, containining twenty-ſix ſcenes, among which are the following, viz.

A pleaſing ſcene between *Roger* and *Dick*, two ſhepherds near Lexington.

Clariſſa, &c. A very moving ſcene on the death of Doctor WARREN, &c. in a chamber near Boſton, the morning before the battle at Bunker's-Hill.

A humorous ſcene between the Boatſwain and a Sailor on board a man of war, near Norfolk in Virginia.

Two very laughable ſcenes between the Boatſwain, two Sailors and the Cook, exhibiting ſpecimens of ſeafaring oratory, and peculiar eloquence of thoſe ſons of Neptune, touching Tories, Convicts and black Regulars; and between Lord *Kidnapper* and the Boatſwain.

A very black ſcene between Lord *Kidnapper*, and Major *Cudjo*.

A religious ſcene between Lord *Kidnapper*, Chaplain, and the Captain.

A ſcene, the Lord Mayor, &c. going to St. James's with the Addreſs.

A droll ſcene, a council of war in Boſton, between Lord *Boſton*, Admiral *Tombſtone*, *Elbow-Room*, Mr. *Caper*, General *Clinton*, and Earl *Piercy*.

A diverting ſcene between a WHIG and a TORY.

A ſpirited ſcene between General *Preſcot* and Colonel *Allen*.

A ſhocking ſcene, a dungeon, between Colonel *Allen* and an officer of the guard.

Two affecting ſcenes in Boſton, after the flight of the Regulars from Lexington, between Lord *Boſton*, Meſſenger, and officers of the guard.

A patriotic ſcene in the camp at Cambridge, between the Generals *Waſhington*, *Lee* and *Putnam*, &c, &c, &c.

With a Dedication,—Preface,—Addreſs of the Goddeſs of Liberty to the Congreſs,—Dramatis Perſonæ,—Prologue,—Epilogue,—and a ſong in praiſe of King *Tammany*, the American Saint.

A truly dramatic Performance, interſperſed with wit, humour, burleſque, and ſerious matter, which cannot fail of affording abundant entertainment, to readers of every diſpoſition. The whole compriſed in ſeventy-three pages, octavo, and a new and beautiful type —A much admired performance. 48 55

LOST this MORNING,

A BUNDLE of CONTINENTAL BILLS, to the amount of FORTY or FIFTY DOLLARS.—The perſon who finds it, and returns it to the Adjutant-General's Office, will receive TEN DOLLARS as a reward for his probity.

☞ Whoever has found this Bundle of CASH, and detains it with a view to defraud the owner. Any perſon knowing ſuch a ſum to be found as above, who diſcovers in whoſe poſſeſſion it is, ſhall receive FIVE DOLLARS, and FIVE DOLLARS more if the money be all returned.—Inquire of the Printer. New-York, 16th July, 1776.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber on Thurſday the 20th inſtant, a negro man named JACK, about 35 years of age, a ſquare well built fellow, pretty black, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, was born in Guinea, and has his country's marks viz ſcars acroſs the middle of his forehead, towards his noſe, and has loſt one of his under fore teeth. He underſtands ſomething of the braſs founders buſineſs, can handle the file very well, and it is ſuppoſed will endeavour to paſs for a freeman. He took with him ſeveral ſorts of clothes, viz a light coloured cloth jacket without ſleeves, a white flannel jacket with ſleeves, a blanket coat, a brown ſurtout coat, a ſhort coat with ſky blue lining, a pair of blue breeches, a pair of long tow trowſers, a good beaver hat, and an old ditto, a pair of black women's ſhoes, and plated open work round buckles. He alſo carried off with him his maſter's gun, fitted for, but without a bayonet, and a grenadiers broad ſword, braſs mounted. He is ſuppoſed to be ſculking in the country, or among the troops, where ſeveral of his colour have been obſerved to be very fond of his company.——Whoever takes up the ſaid negro and delivers him to his maſter in New-York, ſhall receive Ten Dollars reward, beſides all reaſonable charges; and whoever ſhall confine him in any gaol, giving due notice, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall be handſomely rewarded; and all perſons are hereby forewarned not to conceal, harbour, or carry him off at their peril.

JACOB WILKINS.

New-York, 29th June, 1776. 48—52

WANTED,

A CLERK at an Iron-Works in the Jerſies, a good accomptant, and one who has undoubted recommendations for ſobriety and fidelity, will meet with ſuitable encouragement: None elſe need apply.—— Inquire of the Printer. 47—52

ONE DOLLAR Reward.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber in Mendam, Morris county, in Eaſt New-Jerſey, on the ninth day of June, a negro man named SAMSON, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, a well ſet fellow, talks ſomething broken; had on when he went away, a white flannel ſhirt, blue jacket, a black and white twill'd coat, and blue breeches, light blue ribbed ſtockings, old ſhoes, a new wool hat. Whoever takes up ſaid negro and ſecures him, or returns him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid by me. BENJAMIN PITNEY.

Mendam, June 27, 1776.

EBENEZER STURGES, of Redding, in Fairfield county, was (by the Committee of Inſpection in ſaid Redding) ordered to be publiſhed as an enemy to his country. June 27, 1776.

Teſt. THAD. BENEDICT, Clerk.

WHEREAS *Nathan Wilkinſon*, on an agreement with the Printer of this paper, received of him weekly, a conſiderable number of News Papers, directed for ſundry perſons in Bedminſter, Pluckhimin, Lambertown, Croſs Roads, New Germantown, &c. in New Jerſey: *And whereas* the ſaid WILKINSON, has egregiouſly failed in making payment according to agreement for the ſaid papers;—This is therefore to requeſt thoſe perſons who are indebted for Papers printed by the Subſcriber, and ſent or delivered to them by the ſaid *Nathan Wilkinſon*, not to pay for them to him, or his order, but to the Subſcriber, who hereby promiſes to indemnify all perſons for ſuch payments made to him, againſt any claim for the ſame of the ſaid *Wilkinſon*, with whom he is always ready to ſettle accounts. JOHN HOLT.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber on the 16th inſtant, a negro man, named PRINCE, had on when he eloped, a ſmall round beaver hat, a ſhort white broad-cloth coat, a red jacket, a white ſhirt, green ſuperfine cloth breeches, black and white worſted ſtockings, new ſhoes and buckles; he is about 25 years old, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, well ſet, very handy, and ſpeaks good Engliſh. Whoever ſecures ſaid negro, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward.

WILLIAM CONARY, Jun.

Dover, Dutcheſs County, June 18, 1776. 47—52

LOST,

YESTERDAY near Trinity Church, between the hours of three and five o'clock in the afternoon, a Pair of HORSEMAN's PISTOLS, with ſcrew Barrels.—Any Perſon that will bring them to the Aſſiſtant Quarter Maſter-General, ſhall have FIVE DOLLARS Reward, and no Queſtions aſked.

New-York, June 24, 1776.

TO THE BUTCHERS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

AS the Uſe of BULLOCKS *Bladders* is greatly increaſed, the preſerving of them is recommended as both *needful* and *profitable*. *Country Stores* may make it an Article worth their Attention to collect: As any Quantity of ſuch as are large and ſtrong, will be bought at the beſt Price, by

WILLIAM MAXWELL,
At his SNUFF and TOBACCO MANUFACTORY, in *Wall Street*, NEW-YORK.

N. B. When blown, drying them gently in a Smoke-Houſe, is the beſt Method to preſerve them from the Worm: When the Necks are cut off, it muſt be done carefully, leaving as ſmall a Hole as poſſible. 45—

FOUR-PENCE per POUND
GIVEN BY
JOHN KEATING,
FOR the beſt ſort of good, clean, dry, white linen RAGS, and ſo in proportion for thoſe of an inferior ſort.

☞ Good encouragement given to Journeymen Paper-makers, by ſaid Keating. 73—

DRUMS

MADE and ſold by Philip Pelton, upper end of Queen-ſtreet, and by Daniel Pelton, in Chapel ſtreet, now called Beekman-ſtreet, equal to any that have been imported, for ſound or beauty. As ſaid Peltons have great variety on hand, any gentlemen may be ſerved at the ſhorteſt notice, and on the moſt reaſonable terms. The purchaſers may depend upon having their Drums tun'd to ſound well.

SAMUEL BROOME and COMPANY,

HAVING removed their ſtore to New-Haven, deſire all thoſe indebted to them, to call and ſettle their accounts, either with them at New-Haven, or Mr. Daniel Phœnix, living in New-York, nearly oppoſite where ſaid Broome and Company kept their ſtore—They have ſtill on hand, a ſmall aſſortment of Goods ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon, to be ſold for cash or ſhort credit, on the uſual moderate terms. 9——

NOTICE is hereby given, to all perſons who have, or ſhall purchaſe any of the lands formerly granted by the truſtees of the town of Kingſton, in Ulſter county, to one Thomas Crundall, now belonging to Thomas Jones, Eſquire, and Suſanna De Lancey; That no privilege to cut fire-wood, or timber, nor a right of commonage hath been granted by the deeds under which the ſame are now held, either by the preſent truſtees, or their predeceſſors, conſequently no former, nor future purchaſers of theſe lands, can expect, nor will be granted theſe privileges. Dated at Kingſton, the 6th day of June, 1776. 66—51

By order of the truſtees,
CHRISTOPHER TAPPEN, Clerk.

WHEREAS the wife of me the ſubſcriber, Sarah Weed, has eloped from my bed and board; theſe are to forewarn any perſon crediting her on my account, as I ſhall pay no debt of her contracting after this date.

48—52 YOUNGS WEED.

Hackinſack, Eaſt New-Jerſey, July 4, 1776.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where alll Sorts of Printing is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſerted for Five Shillings four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.